



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/560,329	12/10/2005	Jung Moon Kim	4240-138	9719	
INTELLECTU PO BOX 14329	23448 7590 06/26/2007 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY / TECHNOLOGY LAW PO BOX 14329			EXAMINER MACFARLANE, STACEY NEE	
RESEARCH T	RIANGLE PARK, NC	C 27709 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		PAPER NUMBER	
		1609			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/26/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/560,329	KIM ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Stacey MacFarlane	1609			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 De	ecember 2005.				
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.	•	•			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	alaatian na muinamant				
8)区	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the I	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
obo and accorded detailed office detailed of the defailed doples flot received.						
			,			
Attachmen	t(s)		·			
1) Notic	te of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
	be of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P				
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

Application/Control Number: 10/560,329

Art Unit: 1609

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group 1, claim(s) 1-9 and 18-22, drawn to vectors and compositions comprising a non-activated tissue-regeneration polypeptide (TRP) containing (a) a protein transduction domain (PTD) allowing the polypeptide to permeate the cell without membrane receptors, (b) a furin activation domain (FAD) which has at least one proprotein convertase cleavage site and is cleaved to form an active tissue regeneration domain, and (c) a non-activated protein transduction domain which is activated by convertase cleavage.

Group 2, claim(s) 10 and 11, drawn to a recombinant vector with an FAD-encoding base sequence, a 5' TRD-encoding DNA, a PTD base sequence, a base sequence for tagging and at least four histidine-encoding base sequences for separation and purification.

Group 3, claim(s) 12 17, drawn to a method for preparing non-activated TRP comprising (a) culturing transformed bacteria and (b) centrifuging, removing the polypeptide and purifying the polypeptide.

2. The inventions listed as Groups 1-3 do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: Claims are drawn to a fusion protein comprising a protein transduction domain (PTD) and a non-activated

Page 2

tissue regeneration domain that is activated upon convertase cleavage. Dependent claims recite the fusion protein can consist of any one of many different proteins that are loosely classified as "tissue-regeneration polypeptides", for example β-amyloid or the matrix metallopeptidases. The expression "special technical feature" is defined in Rule 13.2 as meaning those technical features that define a contribution which each of the inventions makes over the prior art. Whether a particular feature makes a contribution over the prior art, is considered with respect to novelty and inventive step. In the instant application, the fusion protein comprising a protein transduction domain (PTD) and a non-activated tissue regeneration domain that is activated upon convertase cleavage does not make a contribution over the prior art. The following reference teaches a fusion protein comprising the PTD of HIV TAT (paragraph 73) and proprotein convertase- 1 cleavage sequence (Table 2) that triggers the release and absorption ("activation") of salmon calcitonin (Stern et al. US Patent 6673574, published June 26, 2003). The '574 Patent further recites that calcitonin is a treatment of osteoporosis, a bone deteriorating disease (Paragraph 6), thus teaching a tissue-regeneration polypeptide. The prior art recites the common technical feature of Groups 1-3, thus, there is no special technical feature over the prior art and the application lacks Unity of Invention under PCT Rule 13.1.

Furthermore, there is no single inventive concept unifying these structurally distinct proteins with very different functions, rather they correspond to distinct technical features. For example, a composition for stimulating the formation or regeneration of tissue (Claim 18) would be structurally and functionally distinct depending upon the

peptides from which it was constructed, and would exhibit different effects, functions and outcomes depending upon the tissue on which it was used. Accordingly, because of the distinct species claimed, Groups 1-3 are not so linked by the same or a corresponding special technical feature as to form a single general inventive concept.

Species Election

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

Elect one of the following TRD polypeptides from Claim 5 or 13: BMPs, TGF- β , β -NGF (β -nerve growth factor), β -amyloid, ADAMs (a disintergrin and metalloproteinase-like), TNF- α , MMPs (matrix metalloproteinases), and insulinlike growth factor (IGF-1). Further electing a single corresponding sequence from SEQ ID NOs: 1-13 (Claims 6 or 14).

Elect one FAD sequence from the following (Claim 7 or 15): SEQ ID NOs: 14 to 26.

Elect one of the following PTD sequences (Claim 8 or 16): TAT, drosophila melanogaster-derived Antp peptide, VP22 peptide and mph-1 -btm.

Elect one of the following growth factors (Claims 20 and 22): TGF- β , IGF, PDGF, or FGF.

The species are independent or distinct because claims to the different species recite the mutually exclusive characteristics of such species. In addition, these species are not obvious variants of each other based on the current record.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is

finally held to be allowable. Currently, Claim 1 is generic for Group 1, Claim 10 is generic to Group 2, and Claim 12 is generic to Group 3.

There is an examination and search burden for these patentably distinct species due to their mutually exclusive characteristics. The species require a different field of search (e.g., searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries); and/or the prior art applicable to one species would not likely be applicable to another species; and/or the species are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of a species to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

The election of the species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the election of species requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the species unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other species.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141.

3. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not

Application/Control Number: 10/560,329

Art Unit: 1609

Page 7

§ 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stacey MacFarlane whose telephone number is (571) 270-3057. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6:30AM-4:00 PM & ALT. Fridays, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mary Mosher can be reached on (571) 272-0906. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/560,329

Art Unit: 1609

Page 8

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MARY MOSHER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

(0-20-07